std::find() on a vector<int>:

Use a vector large enough to get meaningful values on your machine (1,000,000 elements are likely not enough). Measure the time needed to

Find the 7 in the middle of a vector<int> where all other elements are not 7.

```
#include <vector>
#include <algorithm>
#include <chrono>
   // Create a vector of integers with 10 million elements (large enough for meaningful values)
    const int vectorSize = 10000000;
    std::vector<int> myVector;
    for (int i = 0; i < vectorSize; ++i) {</pre>
       myVector.push_back(5); // All elements are not 7
    // Insert 7 in the middle of the vector
    int middleIndex = myVector.size() / 2;
   myVector[middleIndex] = 7;
    // Measure the time taken to find the element 7
    int elementToFind = 7;
    auto startTime = std::chrono::high_resolution_clock::now();
    auto result = std::find(myVector.begin(), myVector.end(), elementToFind);
    auto endTime = std::chrono::high_resolution_clock::now();
    if (result != myVector.end()) {
       std::cout << "Element " << elementToFind << " found at index: " << std::distance(myVector.begin(), result) << std::endl;</pre>
        std::cout << "Element " << elementToFind << " not found in the vector." << std::endl;</pre>
    auto duration = std::chrono::duration_cast<std::chrono::microseconds>(endTime - startTime);
    std::cout << "Time taken: " << duration.count() << " microseconds" << std::endl;</pre>
    std::vector<int> myOtherVector(vectorSize, 5); // Initialize with all elements as 5 (not 7)
    startTime = std::chrono::high_resolution_clock::now();
    result = std::find(myOtherVector.begin(), myOtherVector.end(), elementToFind);
    endTime = std::chrono::high_resolution_clock::now();
    if (result != myOtherVector.end()) {
       std::cout << "Element" << elementToFind << " found at index: " << std::distance(myOtherVector.begin(), result) << std::endl;</pre>
        std::cout << "Element " << elementToFind << " not found in the vector." << std::endl;</pre>
    duration = std::chrono::duration_cast<std::chrono::microseconds>(endTime - startTime);
    std::cout << "Time taken: " << duration.count() << " microseconds" << std::endl;</pre>
    return 0;
```

```
PS C:\Users\shaan\Desktop\cpp> g++ -std=c++20 -o runProgram a211.cpp
PS C:\Users\shaan\Desktop\cpp> ./runProgram
Element 7 found at index: 5000000
Time taken: 40134 microseconds
Element 7 not found in the vector.
Time taken: 65821 microseconds
PS C:\Users\shaan\Desktop\cpp>
PS C:\Users\shaan\Desktop\cpp> g++ -std=c++20 -o runProgram a211.cpp
PS C:\Users\shaan\Desktop\cpp> ./runProgram
Element 7 found at index: 5000000
Time taken: 28239 microseconds
Element 7 not found in the vector.
Time taken: 68651 microseconds
PS C:\Users\shaan\Desktop\cpp> ./runProgram
Element 7 found at index: 5000000
Time taken: 30035 microseconds
Element 7 not found in the vector.
Time taken: 68406 microseconds
```

std::find_if() on a vector<int>:

Use a vector large enough to get meaningful values on your machine. Measure the time needed to

Find the x < 7 in the middle of a vector<int> where all other elements are ≥ 7 .

```
#include <iostream:
#include <algorithm>
#include <chrono>
int main() {
    // Create a large vector of integers with elements \geq 7
    const int vectorSize = 10000000;
    std::vector<int> myVector;
    for (int i = 0; i < vectorSize; ++i) {</pre>
        myVector.push\_back(7 + i); // All elements are <math>\ge 7
    // Insert x in the middle of the vector where x < 7
    int middleIndex = myVector.size() / 2;
    myVector[middleIndex] = 6;
    // Measure the time taken to find x < 7 in the middle of the vector
    auto startTime = std::chrono::high_resolution_clock::now();
    auto result = std::find_if(myVector.begin(), myVector.end(), [](int value) { return value < 7; });</pre>
    auto endTime = std::chrono::high_resolution_clock::now();
    if (result != myVector.end()) {
       std::cout << "Element" << *result << " found at index: " << std::distance(myVector.begin(), result) << std::endl;
        std::cout << "No element less than 7 found in the middle of the vector." << std::endl;</pre>
    auto duration = std::chrono::duration cast<std::chrono::microseconds>(endTime - startTime);
    std::cout << "Time taken: " << duration.count() << " microseconds" << std::endl;</pre>
    return 0;
```

```
PS C:\Users\shaan\Desktop\cpp> g++ -std=c++20 -o runProgram a221.cpp
PS C:\Users\shaan\Desktop\cpp> ./runProgram
Element 6 found at index: 5000000
Time taken: 36672 microseconds
PS C:\Users\shaan\Desktop\cpp> g++ -std=c++20 -o runProgram a221.cpp
PS C:\Users\shaan\Desktop\cpp> ./runProgram
Element 6 found at index: 5000000
Time taken: 36524 microseconds
PS C:\Users\shaan\Desktop\cpp> g++ -std=c++20 -o runProgram a221.cpp
PS C:\Users\shaan\Desktop\cpp> g++ -std=c++20 -o runProgram a221.cpp
PS C:\Users\shaan\Desktop\cpp> ./runProgram
Element 6 found at index: 50000000
Time taken: 36560 microseconds
```

Try to find an x < 7 in a vector<int> where all elements are ≥ 7 .

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <algorithm>
#include <chrono>
int main() {
    // Create a large vector of integers with elements \geq 7
   const int vectorSize = 10000000;
   std::vector<int> myVector;
    for (int i = 0; i < vectorSize; ++i) {</pre>
   myVector.push_back(7 + i); // All elements are ≥ 7
    int middleIndex = myVector.size() / 2;
   myVector[middleIndex] = 6;
    // Measure the time taken to find x < 7 in the middle of the vector
   auto startTime = std::chrono::high_resolution_clock::now();
   auto result = std::find_if(myVector.begin(), myVector.end(), [](int value) { return value < 7; });</pre>
   auto endTime = std::chrono::high_resolution_clock::now();
   if (result != myVector.end()) {
       std::cout << "Element " << *result << " found at index: " << std::distance(myVector.begin(), result) << std::endl;
    } else {
        std::cout << "No element less than 7 found in the middle of the vector." << std::endl;</pre>
   auto duration = std::chrono::duration cast<std::chrono::microseconds>(endTime - startTime);
    std::cout << "Time taken: " << duration.count() << " microseconds" << std::endl;</pre>
    return 0;
```

```
PS C:\Users\shaan\Desktop\cpp> g++ -std=c++20 -o runProgram a222.cpp
PS C:\Users\shaan\Desktop\cpp> ./runProgram
No element less than 7 found in the vector.
Time taken: 76553 microseconds
PS C:\Users\shaan\Desktop\cpp> g++ -std=c++20 -o runProgram a222.cpp
PS C:\Users\shaan\Desktop\cpp> ./runProgram
No element less than 7 found in the vector.
Time taken: 76467 microseconds
PS C:\Users\shaan\Desktop\cpp> g++ -std=c++20 -o runProgram a222.cpp
PS C:\Users\shaan\Desktop\cpp> g++ -std=c++20 -o runProgram a222.cpp
PS C:\Users\shaan\Desktop\cpp> ./runProgram
No element less than 7 found in the vector.
Time taken: 75284 microseconds
```

std::find() on a vector<std::string>:

Generate a vector<string> containing 1,000,000 random 20-letter strings (don't bother timing this). Measure the time needed to

Try to find XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX (20 Xs) in that vector using std::find().

```
#include <iostream>
                       // enables input and output streams
#include <vector>
#include <algorithm>
                   // time taken to measure string uses chrono library
#include <chrono>
// Function to generate a random 20-letter string
std::string genRandomString() {
    //characters that can generate random string
  // std::default_random_engine - random number engine provided by C++ standard library
      std::chrono::high_resolution_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count() provides a random seed based on the current time
   // makes sure each time the function is called it will use a different random seed
    const std::string charset = "ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ";
   // defines distribution for generating random indices within range of string charset - each cahracter has equal probability
    // range is from 0 to size of the charset - 1 as string indices are 0-based
   std::default_random_engine rng(std::chrono::high_resolution_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count());
    std::uniform_int_distribution<size_t> distribution(0, charset.size() - 1);
    std::string randomString; // string that holds the random characters
    for (int i = 0; i < 20; ++i) {
       randomString.push_back(charset[distribution(rng)]);
  Return the final random string of length 20.
    return randomString;
```

Place XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX (or whatever value is not present) in the middle and find it using std::find().

```
main() {
// Create a vector of 1,000,000 random 20-letter strings
const int vectorSize = 1000000;
std::vector<std::string> myVector;
// Generate and add 1,000,000 random 20-letter strings to the vector
for (int i = 0; i < vectorSize; ++i) {
   myVector.push_back(genRandomString());
std::string searchString = "XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX";
auto startTime = std::chrono::high_resolution_clock::now(); // Measure the start time before searching
auto result = std::find(myVector.begin(), myVector.end(), searchString);  // Try to find the searchString in the vector using std::find(
auto endTime = std::chrono::high_resolution_clock::now();  // Measure the end time after searching
if (result != myVector.end()) {
                                        // Check if the searchString was found and display the result
   std::cout << "Element " << searchString << " found at index: " << std::distance(myVector.begin(), result) << std::endl;
 else {
    std::cout << "Element " << searchString << " not found in the vector." << std::endl;</pre>
// Calculate the duration of the search and display it in microseconds
auto duration = std::chrono::duration_cast<std::chrono::microseconds>(endTime - startTime);
std::cout << "Time taken: " << duration.count() << " microseconds" << std::endl;</pre>
return 0;
```

```
nt main() {
           // Create a vector of 1,000,000 random 20-letter strings
             const int vectorSize = 1000000;
             std::vector<std::string> myVector;
             for (int i = 0; i < vectorSize; ++i) {</pre>
                             myVector.push_back(genRandomString());
             // Find a unique random string to place in the middle
             std::string uniqueString;
             do {
                   uniqueString = genRandomString();
               } while (std::find(myVector.begin(), myVector.end(), uniqueString) != myVector.end());
             // Place the unique random string in the middle of the vector % \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right
             int middleIndex = myVector.size() / 2;
             myVector[middleIndex] = uniqueString;
            // Try to find the unique string in the middle of the vector using std::find()
             auto startTime = std::chrono::high_resolution_clock::now();
            auto result = std::find(myVector.begin(), myVector.end(), uniqueString);
            auto endTime = std::chrono::high_resolution_clock::now();
             if (result != myVector.end()) {
                           std::cout << "Element " << uniqueString << " found at index: " << std::distance(myVector.begin(), result) << std::endl;</pre>
                   else {
                              std::cout << "Element " << uniqueString << " not found in the vector." << std::endl;</pre>
             auto duration = std::chrono::duration_cast<std::chrono::microseconds>(endTime - startTime);
             std::cout << "Time taken: " << duration.count() << " microseconds" << std::endl;</pre>
             return 0;
```

```
PS C:\Users\shaan\Desktop\cpp> g++ -std=c++20 -o runProgram a232.cpp
PS C:\Users\shaan\Desktop\cpp> ./runProgram
Element MPQAPHCJVRDJZSYQJEBZ found at index: 500000
Time taken: 23399 microseconds
PS C:\Users\shaan\Desktop\cpp> g++ -std=c++20 -o runProgram a232.cpp
PS C:\Users\shaan\Desktop\cpp> ./runProgram
Element RXREOZCJYKFNRUQIUXBJ found at index: 500000
Time taken: 23501 microseconds
PS C:\Users\shaan\Desktop\cpp> g++ -std=c++20 -o runProgram a232.cpp
PS C:\Users\shaan\Desktop\cpp> g++ -std=c++20 -o runProgram a232.cpp
PS C:\Users\shaan\Desktop\cpp> ./runProgram
Element POECCLQOXCXBBFSVIBXA found at index: 500000
Time taken: 23311 microseconds
```

NOTE: a lot of code I have researched and added so this isn't entirely what I could do independently. I found these tasks quite challenging but I Understand what is going on. I just found it quite hard to do in the two days we had.